ACE

Adaptive Re-use and Transition of the

Built Heritage

23 November 2018 in Leeuwarden

Skills and competences of heritage professionals

Prof. Dr. Koeraad Van Cleempoel

Hasselt University (B)

Faculty of Architecture & Arts







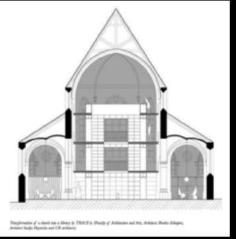
International master in Adaptive Reusse

- Motivation
- Concept
- Skills & competences
- Paradigmatic shift in values and policies

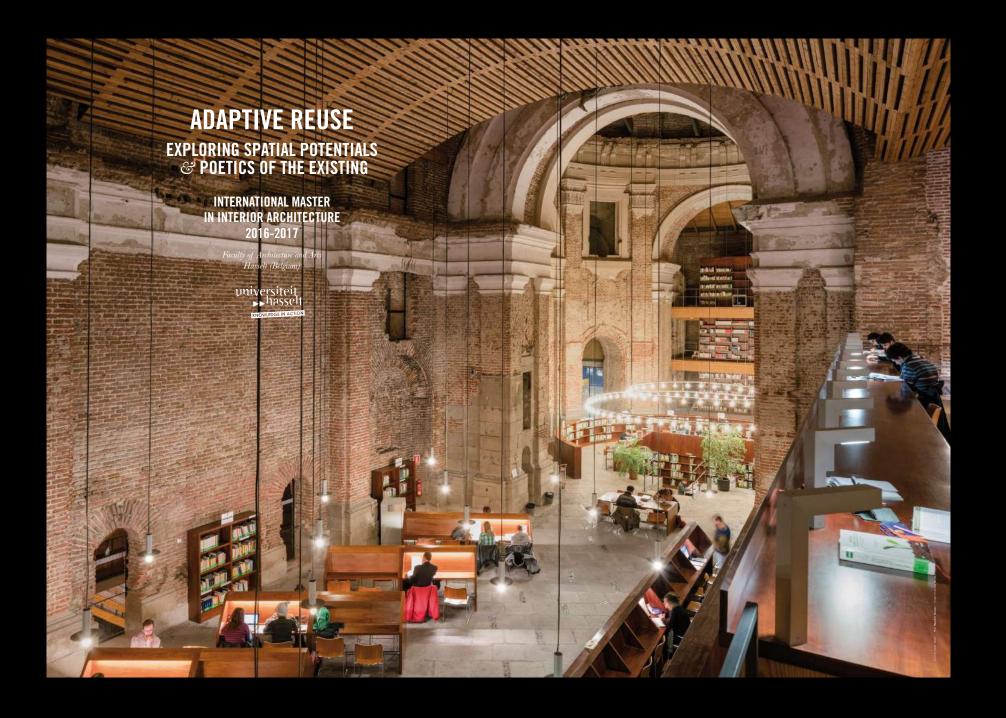
from heritage values to architectural values

Wicked Problems – research project EAAE & ACE











Many curricula of European schools of architecture still operate from the paradigm of new constructions

- Courses on design methodology, therefore, seem more concerned with creating new sites, instead of integrating the existing.
- It seems increasingly legitimate, however, that learning how to engage in an interesting and sustainable way, will become an essential competence.
- Various EU curricula with focus and research on conservation and restoration But not design studio centered
- We wanted to work on the apparent tension between heritage and new architecture, shouldered by research and theory
- Heritage needs heirs
- Statistics from an <u>ACE Sector Study</u> demonstrate that the balance is tilting towards refurbishment, accounting for 59% of the total workload (Mirza & Nacey, 2017).
- It is estimated that in Italy, refurbishment accounts for more than 70% of the total workload in the architectural sector.



Conservation/Adaptation: tension or new paradigm? **Architecture** Conservation 19th century **Architecture** = neo-gotic Conservation 20th century Architecture Conservation moderism 1960ies **Architecture Adaptive Reuse** Conservation

CONSERVATION

Growing interest in (re)using historic buildings



ARCHITECTURE

creating new buildings
that completly break with
traditional building



 \int

1931: charter of Athens

"the Conference recommends
that the occupation of
buildings, which ensures the
continuity of their life, should
be maintained but that they
should be used for a purpose
which respects their historic or
artistic character"

1933: CIAM in Athens

Historic objects (separate monuments or sectors of the city) must be retained:

- When its existence is not bought at the price of bad living conditions for the population that is compelled to live in it.
- When the opportunity is afforded to remove its restricting influence on development by the diversion of traffic round it or the shifting of the focal point.

An aesthetic adaptation of new parts of the city to the historic area has a catastrophic effect on the development of a city and is in no way to be desired.

By the demolition of slum dwellings surrounding the historic monuments, green areas can be created, which improve the hygienic conditions in those areas



do_co_{_}mo_{_}mo_

14th International Conference

Adaptive Re-use. The Modern Movement Towards the Future

6-9 Sep 2016, Calouste Gulbenkian Foundation, Lisboa, Portugal

HOME ABOUT CALLS & GUIDELINES PROGRAM COMMITTEES RESISTRATION SPONSORSHIP & ADVERTISING PRESS ROOM CONTACT

ABOUT

Every two years docomomo (the international committee for documentation and conservation of buildings, sites and neighbourhoods of the Modern Movement) organizes an international conference, bringing together documemo members and friends from its 20 national Working Parties, as an opportunity for in-depth exploration of an important theme or aspect of the Modern Movement.

The forthcoming conference is being hosted by documento international and will take place at the Calouste Gulbenkian Foundation, in Lisbon, Portugal, from 6 to 9 September 2016, under the theme Adaptive Re-use. The Modern Movement Towards the Future.

documento International conferences combine paper sessions, round-tables, workshops and tours, in accordance with the following schedule. In order to foster transnational and interdisciplinary approaches to the study of the Modern Movement, the 2016 edition of the international docomomo conference will incorporate for the first time a preliminary call for

DATES TO REMEMBER

May - 28 June 2015

Call for sessions.

An Annotated Bibliography

Edited by

Sara Lardinois, Ana Paula Arato Gonçalves, Laura Matarese, and Susan Macdonald

Contemporary Architecture in

the Historic Environment







Getting cultural heritage to work for Europe

Report of the Horizon 2020 Expert Group on Cultural Heritage



Charters, convention, memorandum - the words in which preservation's criteria are described become nore and more universal and political over time as the number of nations that support them grows...







WARDENS OF CIVILIZATION PROPERTY OF

EVIDENCE OF EVALUATION

GREATER

COLLECTIVE MEMORY

AUTHENTICITY

JUDGEMENT

HERITAGE DIVERSITY

HAND ON IN FULL AUTHENTICITY

REVEAL IT WITHOUT EVER DISTORTING ITS MEANING

MAINTAIN PERMANENTLY

VALUES LEGITIMACY OF THE CNATURAL VALUES OF AL GLOBAL RESPECT AND UNDERSTANDING

CURRENT AND PAST SOCIAL EXPRESSIONS RECOGNITION OF HUMAN COEXISTENCE

CONTEXTUALISATION





Role of Historic Buildings in Urban Regeneration

RIBA comments submitted to the Office of the Deputy Prime Minister's Housing, Planning, Local Government & the Regions Committee

- The role and effectiveness of the public agencies responsible for the built and historic environment in encouraging urban regeneration
- 3.1 English Heritage, while carrying out its proper role of protecting and enhancing our built heritage, should reduce the dominance of its more archaeology-led approach to historic buildings and encourage the combination of respect and design flair that is exemplified by such projects as the British Museum Great Court or the creative re-use of Covent Garden's market buildings. There needs to be a reduction of the bureaucratic processes that have become such a disincentive to historic building grant application, and a more liberal attitude to the accreditation of architects for historic building work to create opportunities for those who are brilliant designers as well as those who specialise in careful repair. English Heritage nevertheless serve an important purpose as grant-makers and as supporters of the many Building Preservation Trusts that have a vital role to play in historic building regeneration.

https://www.architecture.com/files/ribaholdings/policyandintern ationalrelations/policy/publicaffairs/responsetoroleofhistoricbuil di.pdf

Archaeology-led approach

Creative re-use

More liberal attitude

"Astley Castle is an exceptional example of how modern architecture can revive an ancient monument. It is significant because rather than a conventional restoration project, the architects have designed an incredibly powerful contemporary house which is expertly and intricately intertwined with 800 years of history. Every detail has been carefully considered, from a specific brick pattern to the exact angle of a view, resulting in a sensually rich experience for all who visit. This beautiful new building is a real labour of love. It was realised in true collaboration between a visionary client, designer and contractors. I am delighted to

present Witherford Watson Mann with the 2013





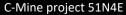
Astley Castle, Fortified Manor in Warwickshire, England - Witherford Watson Mann Architects

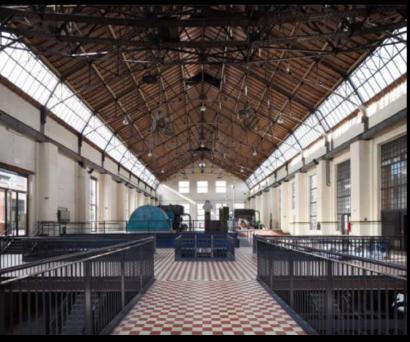
RIBA President Stephen Hodder

RIBA Stirling Prize."

https://www.e-architect.co.uk/birmingham/astley-castle-nuneaton



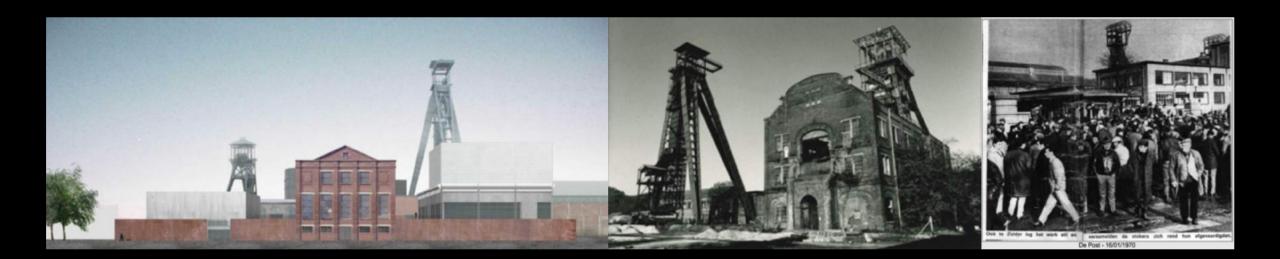




2013 Wins Flemish Heritage Award

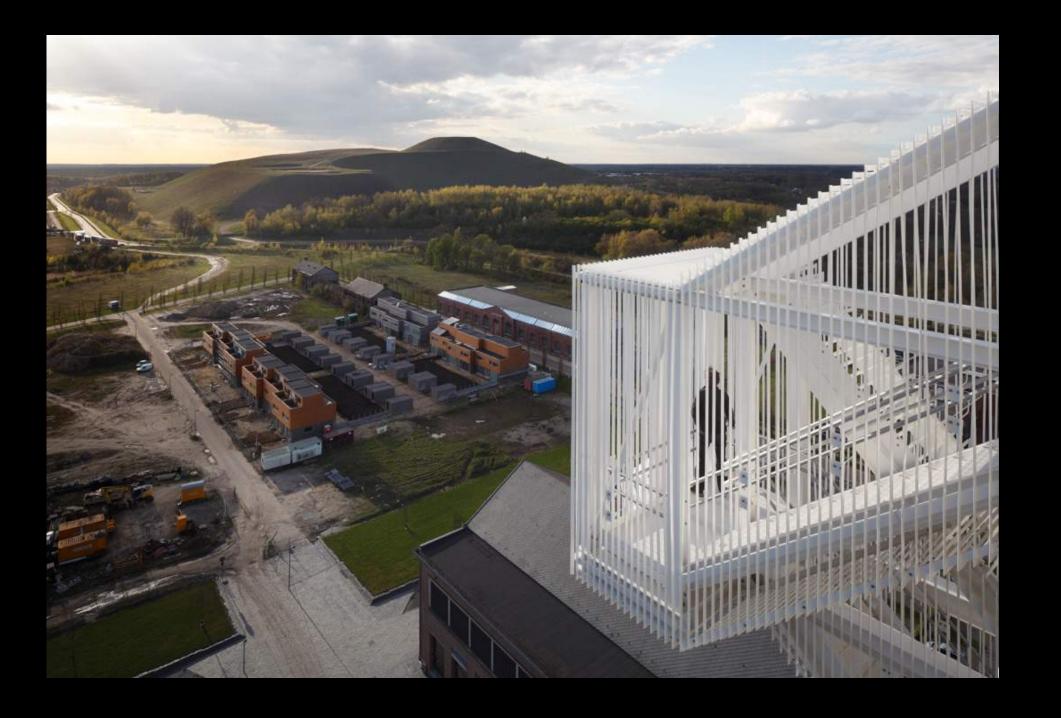
The C-mine project is regarded as a successful example of adaptive reuse with great respect for its heritage values. The remaining machines, tiles, wall covering and other valuable elements have been preserved and restored. It will have an important lever function for preserving and remodeling similar sites





The preservation of our architectural heritage is certainly not a task just for architects but a multidisciplinary activity, but it is the architect who finally has to translate into concrete material the ideas for the rehabilitation and enlighten the intangible message of our built heritage.

Stella Maris Casal – the spirit of place and the new use











The 19th century Prison of Hasselt as an adaptive reuse project for the Faculty of Architecture & Arts / Uhasselt

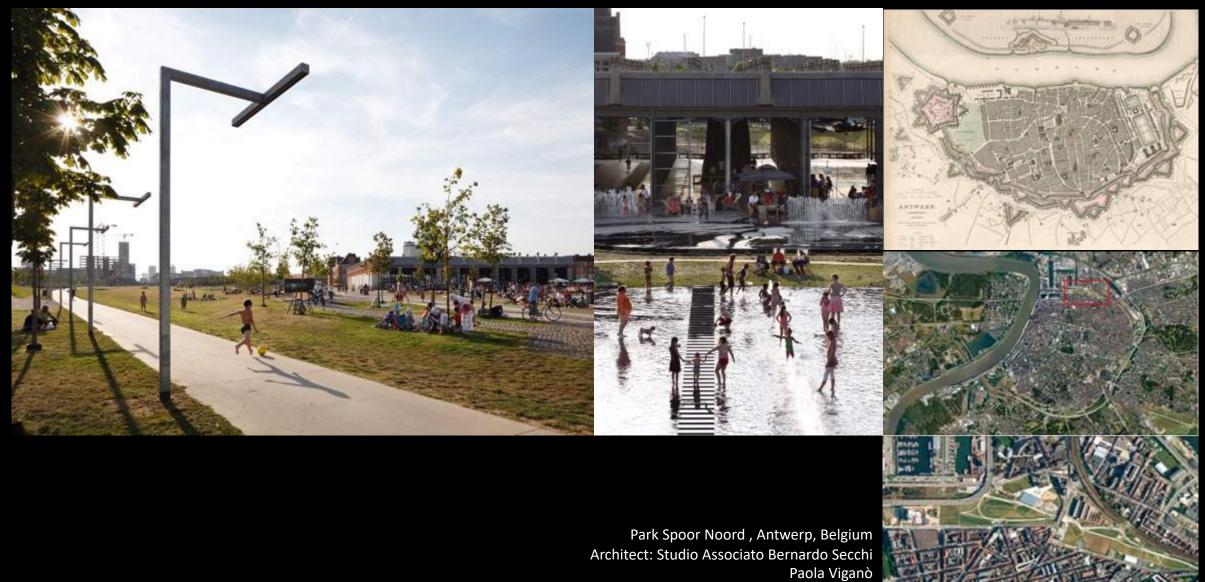
noA Architecten



The 18th century Beguinage of Hasselt as an adaptive reuse project for the Faculty of Architecture & Arts / Uhasselt

Bovenbouw & Cohen Architects





Paola Viganò

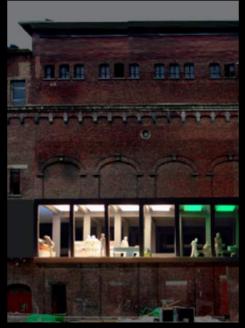
Transformation: 2003-2009



















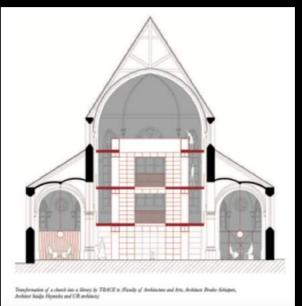


A. Da Messina, H. Hiëronymus, 1475

P. SaenredamChurch of Assendelft, 1649













POTO'S INTERIEUR

zicht vanuit koer naar schip



FOTO'S EXTERIEUR

zicht vanuit Wendelgezutrast

© TRACE IV

PROGRAMMA



[1] Self Link San Stall in PM 2 San Sensing State S Sanser Streets in Profit and A fact State, Journal Agence & San Stall of Ball States States, J. Collection States, J. Collection States, J. Collection States, J. San States, J. Collection States, J. Collection



NEOGOTIEK EN SOCIAAL BEWUSTZIEN - ideologische agenda

modelicenses model sementering tegenment l'th oranne industritle stad ambudaten tegeneser manaproductio sociale nel van architectuur

- moralistisch

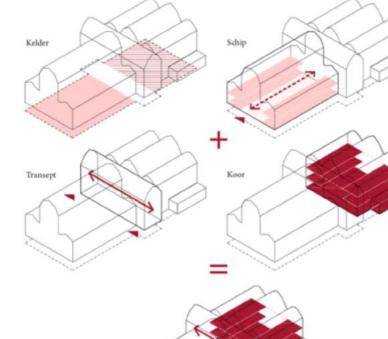
- kerk en religie orntrud

REFERENTIES

(0) & 02) Augustus Welby Pagin, Contrasts

STRACE N

STRATEGIE HERBESTEMMING

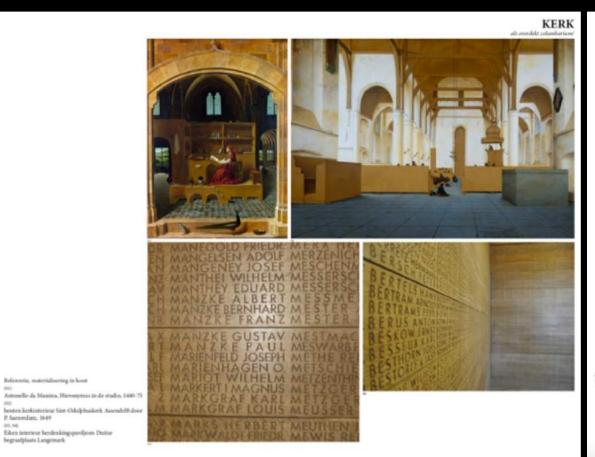


Het oetwerpend onderzoek tant de ruinntelijke condities af voor de buiversting van een muhifaustierend secioeconomisch hurt van de wijk met publiek karaker als refermitieproject. Hiervoor weerhielden we de scenarieis in het koor en de zijdeugde voor de ontrekkeling van de circulatie. De kerkruinrie biedt ochter bijkornende programmatische mogelijkhelen, sook aangeraakt in de voorzafgaande infonstuins met de viad en de bure

In dit hoofdstak ontwikkelen we een conceptvoerstel woer het ruitmese gebruik van de kerk. Wilke bijkinstende function kunnen plaatevinden in de kerk! Wilde functies versterken het socio-culturele karakter? Beide scenarioi-(koot en zijdengds) zijn combineerbaar tot een ruitmer geheel.

Het geformuleende conceptivoorstel dieen ook voldoorsde fiesibiliteit is hebben. Dit onder meer oos fasering toe te laten in de transformatie van de kerk, ampubbaarheid van de diverse functies van herbestensning mogelijk te maken of omkeerhaar transformaties te laten plantwinden. Dene fiesibiliteit lijkt oos ook ees voorwaarde oos de slaagkansom van het project te verhogen en raisonterijd te laten oon het precisee anheiteniveuw vant te leggen. Als voorbeeld toose we diverse groviscenarioù bannen hetardide concepte.

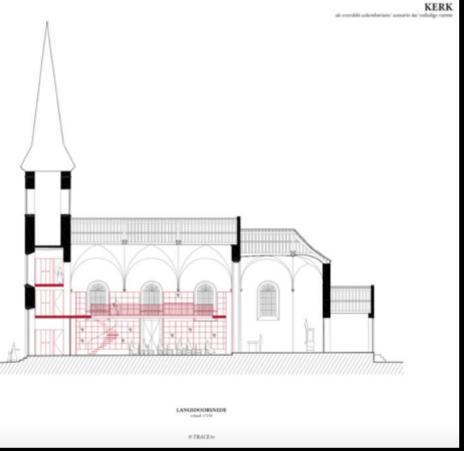
We vertrekken van de basisindeling van de kerk in verschillende bouwdelen om ae verder te programmerne'i lekker, sekspt transger em koor. Ruimtelijk houden we hierbij het latijns kruis vrij en gebruiken we met andere woorden'i sooenaarelijk de zijdruugde vooer een verdere opdeling van de ruimtes. Tegelijk behouden we hierbij het koor als vroenaamste ruimte voor een zmittinstitioneel socio-oconoemisch hart van de wijk met publiek karaker.



Referentie, materialiseting in hout

Eiken interiour herdenkingspardjoen Duitse begraufplaats Langemark.

P. Saenredam, 1649



In the process of remodelling, however, the past takes on a greater significance because it, itself, is the material to be altered and reshaped. The past provides the already-written, the marked "canvas" on which each successive remodelling will find its own place. Thus, the past becomes a package of sense, of build-up meaning to be accepted, (maintained), transformed, or supressed (refused).

Old buildings as palimpsest Machado, 1976

'The Craft and Context of Translation' from Kenneth Rexroth

... So the prime criterion of successful poetic translation is assimibility.... More important, it is an exercise of sympathy on the highest level...This carrying over of meaning in poetry is recognized as work requiring inspiration equivalent to that of the original author.



Piazza di San Martino, Lucca

Castelvecchio Museum, Verona, Italy Carlo Scarpa:,1959-1973





TS Eliot's essay 'Tradition and the Individual Talent' of 1919. Reflecting on the particular relationship between a contemporary poet and the tradition of his discipline, he encourages young poets to study in depth the history and the *métier* of their discipline. At the same time, however, he warns them not to copy these schemes. An engagement with the 'tradition' so he argues, should result in an historical condition operating as a compass for the future: "historical sense involves a perception, not only of the pastness of the past, but of its presence."

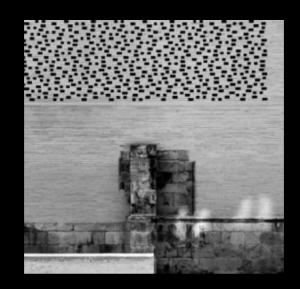


Dimitris Pikionis' path to the Acropolis of 1957 weaves past, present and future in a spatial intervention that blurs the boundaries between old and new. Traces of the past are considered as anchors and references for a new use.

Adam Caruso (2008) tries to put into words the intimate relationship between the creative act of new architecture and the huge reservoir of the discipline's history: 'We feel more comfortable than we once did to follow these tradition quite closely. Anything that can contribute to the fragile continuity between the contemporary situation and past architectures is worth the effort. It is only by understanding and reflecting on the past that architecture can continue to be a relevant social and artistic discipline.'



Also for Peter Zumthor (2010) 'it is essential that the intervention should embrace qualities that can enter into a meaningful dialogue with the existing situation. For the intervention is to find its place, it must make us see what already exists in a new light'.





Genius loci

aims of the seminar



Pikionis' Pathway: Paving the Acropolis

- a. trying to develop an attitude and approach to
- b. read and articulate the 'quality' and 'meaning' of a place/site (tangible and intangible)

in order to

c. develop potential design parameters/concepts



Genius loci

main points of discussion

- a. shift from mere conservation to adaptive reuse / working with the existing
- b. designerly approach to heritage creative act
- c. notion of authenticity
- d. role of values: heritage values in relation to social & architectural values
- e. diversity of national traditions/approaches
- f. heritage as obstacle or inspiration in the desig proces



Pikionis' Pathway: Paving the Acropolis

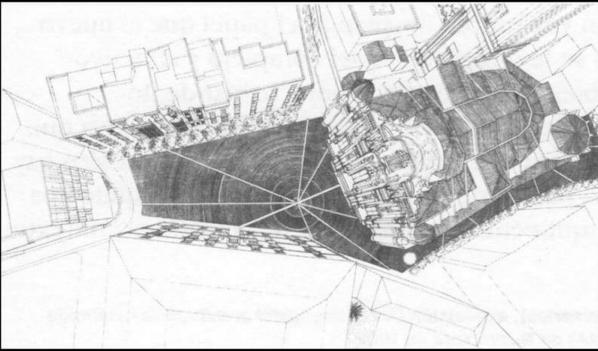
If a building is rigorously preserved, its lifetime seems to be "frozen" in time; it becomes a museum or a (historic) monument (Choay, 1992). Otherwise, accepting the open-endedness of its lifetime, a building might continue to develop in face of continued usage in service of societal programmes, without losing its physical consistency (historically layered built matter), values and meanings











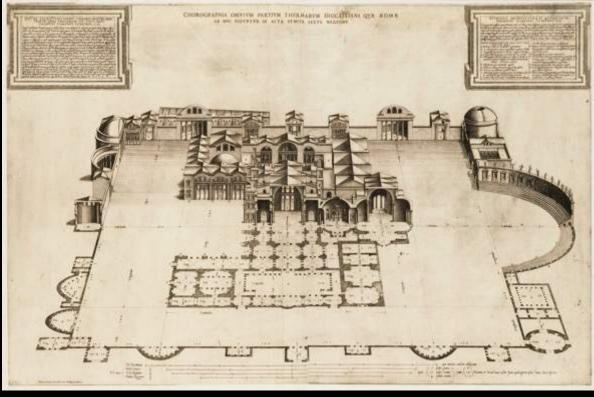






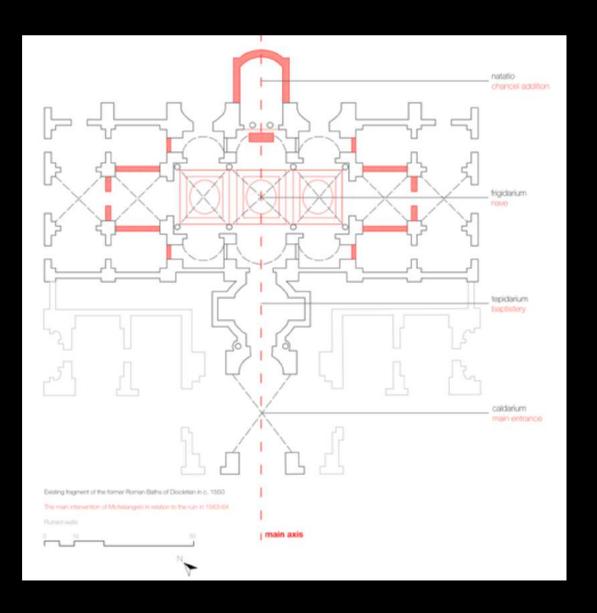
Wang Shu, Ningbo History Museum built from the remains of demolished villages



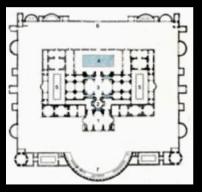


The Baths of Caracalla were the city's second largest public baths. Likely built between AD 212 (or 211) and 216/217,

Scamozzi, reconstruction of the Baths of Diocletian, egraved by Mario Cartaro in 1580,

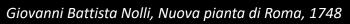












Think Tank on Heritage - Erasmus +

The apparent loss of Architecture's authority and that of Conservation's attractiveness

A questionnaire on conservation and restoration in European curricula

A particular challenge was seen to lie in the fact that schools of architecture are generally animated by a design-led ethos, and that experience suggested that "design" and "conservation" were uneasy bed-fellows.

Some significant points of intersection existed: the prevalence of the studio-based culture, the interest in tectonics, the use of digital media, the emergence of the research imperative and the recognized need for connection between academia, the profession and the community.



Relating to competences

- The ICOMOS Guidelines on Education and Training for Architects (1993) identify the ability to read a building as a fundamental competence, including its architectural history
- History as an active reservoir, as relevant traces for future design; both in its material and immaterial appearance
- Design skills related to the specific condition of heritage sites. We see a paradigmatic shift from heritage values to architectural values. To manage this while retaining the significances of what is inherited will include mastering specific 'empathic' skills to understand the spatial possibilities and potentials of an historic site.
- Ability to define a suitable program

... Aware of a trend towards a loss of quality in both the built environment and open landscapes all over Europe, evident in the trivialisation of construction, the lack of design values, including a lack of concern for sustainability, the growth of faceless urban sprawl and irresponsible land use, the deterioration of historic fabric, and the loss of regional traditions and identities;

- 3 There is an urgent need for a holistic, culture-centered approach to the built environment and for a humanistic view of the way we collectively shape the places we live in and the legacy we leave behind.
- 9 Cultural heritage is a crucial component of high-quality *Baukultur*. The way we use, maintain and protect our cultural heritage today will be crucial for the future development of a high-quality built environment.
- 14 High-quality *Baukultur* requires striking the right balance between cultural, social, economic, environmental and technical aspects of planning, design, building and adaptive re-use, in the public interest for the common good.



Conference of Ministers of Culture 20 – 22 January 2018, Daves Switzerland

Towards a high-quality Baukultur for Europe

We, Ministers of Culture and Heads of Delegations of the signatories of the European Cultural Convention and of the observer states of the Council of Europe, as well as representatives from UNESCO, ICCROM, the Council of Europe and the European Commission and from the Architects' Council of Europe, the European Council of Spatial Planners, ICOMOS International and Europa Nostra, meeting from 20 to 22 January 2018 in Davos, Switzerland, at the invitation of Mr. Alain Berset, President of the Swiss Confederation, Head of the Federal Department of Home Affairs, in the European Year of Cultural Heritage 2018, on the eve of the annual meeting of the World Economic Forum.

