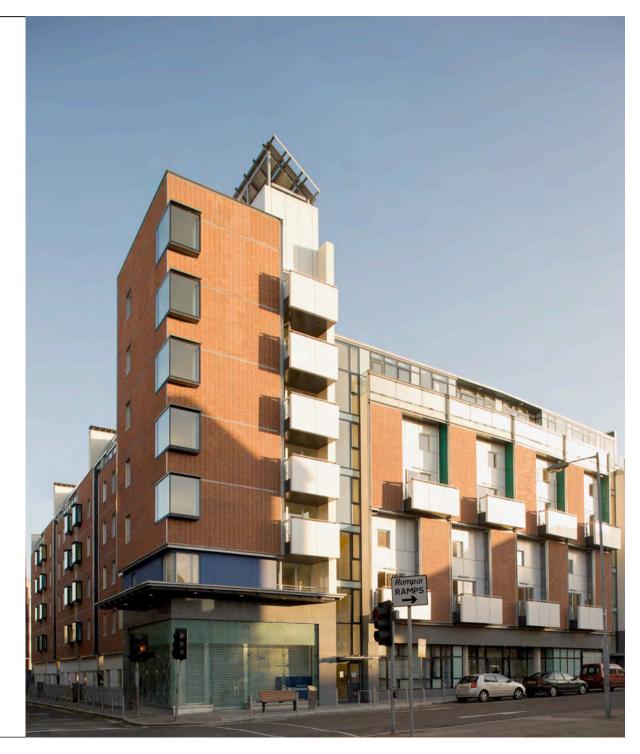
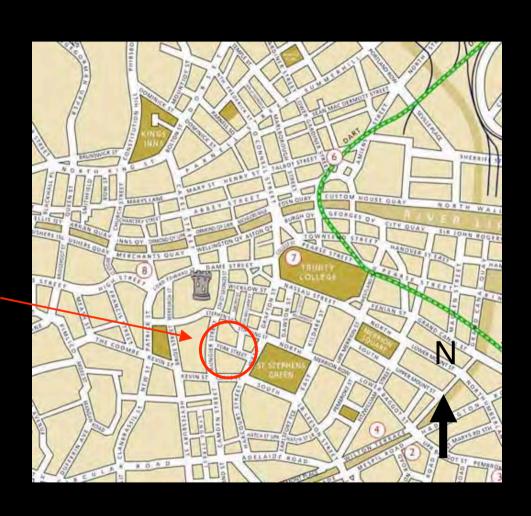
### Social Housing. York Street, Dublin

### SEÁN HARRINGTON ARCHITECTS

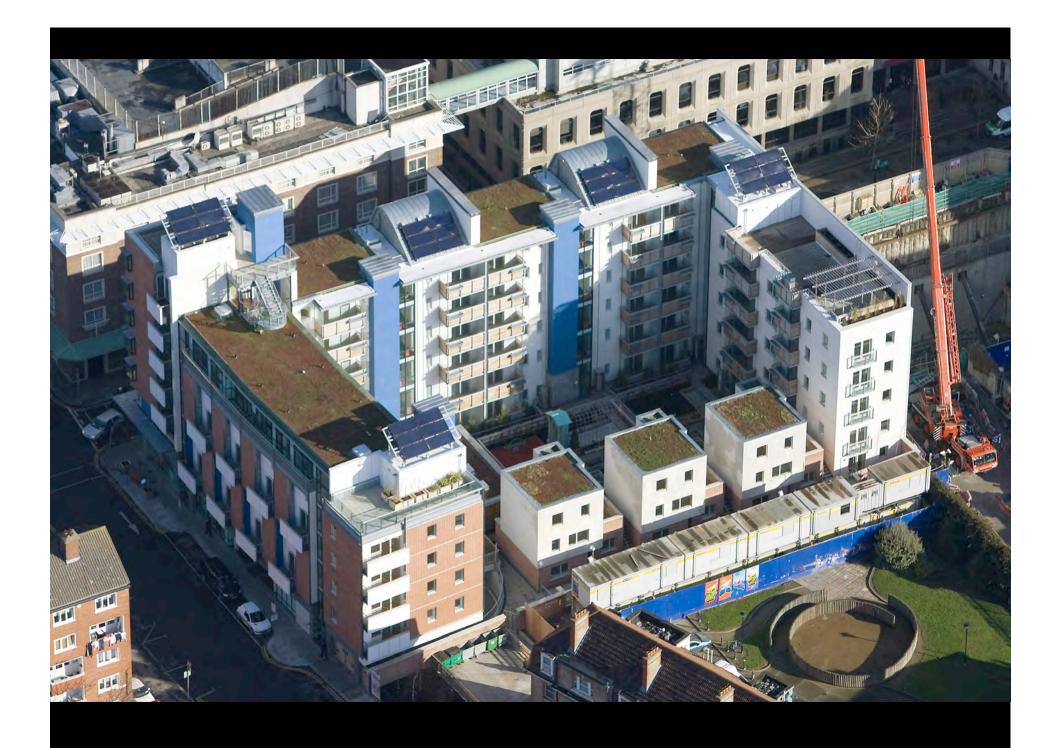




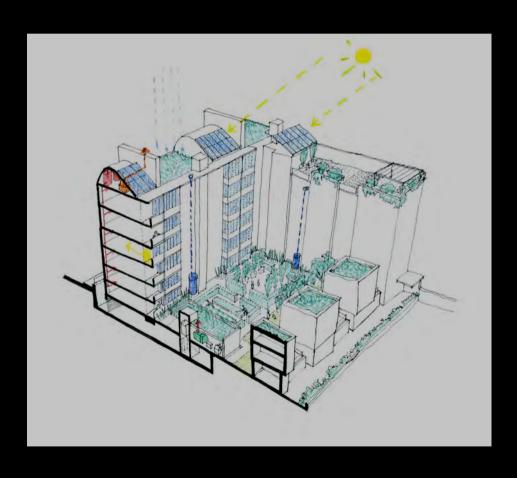
### **Dublin City Centre**



York Street



### Critical Design Issues;



- 1. Social Inclusion
- 2. Energy
- 3. Water
- 4. Biodiversity
- **5. Building Materials**
- 6. Waste
- 7. Adaptability

### 1. Social Inclusion

What was there before;





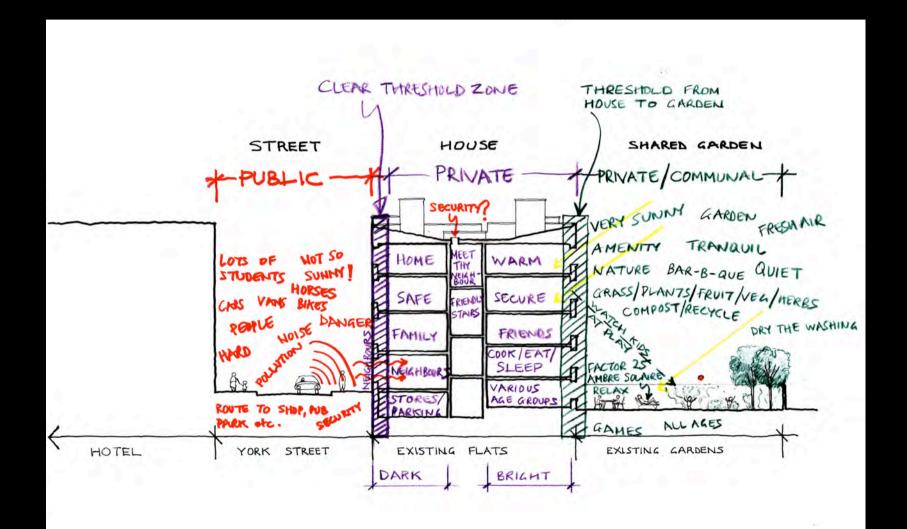
Blank gable ends

Useless open space

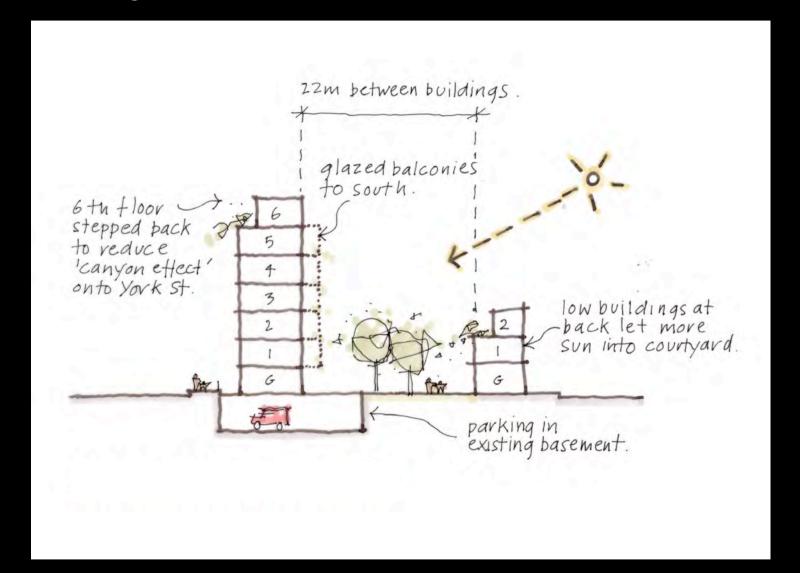
### Consultation



### Discussion

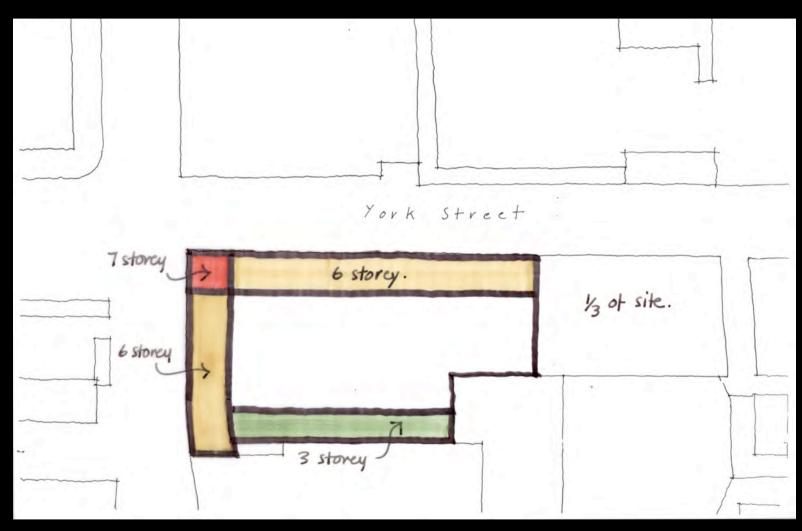


### Strategic Decision A



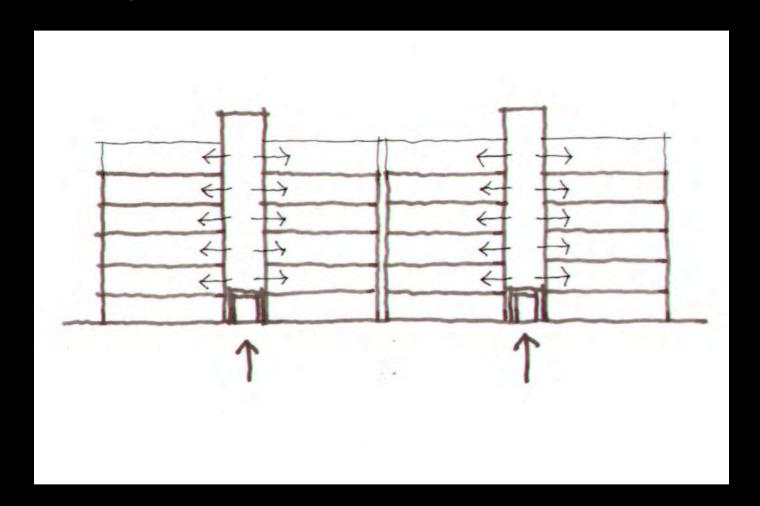
Lower buildings on the south side.

### Strategic Decision B



Define the street, mark the corner, enclose the gardens.

### Strategic Decision C



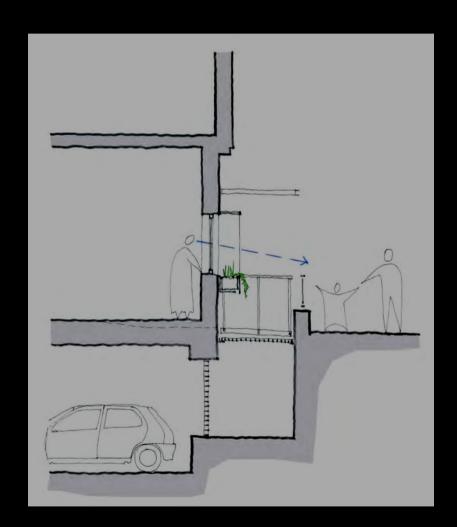
Vertical Access to enable dual aspect.

Front doors to the street, shared stairwells

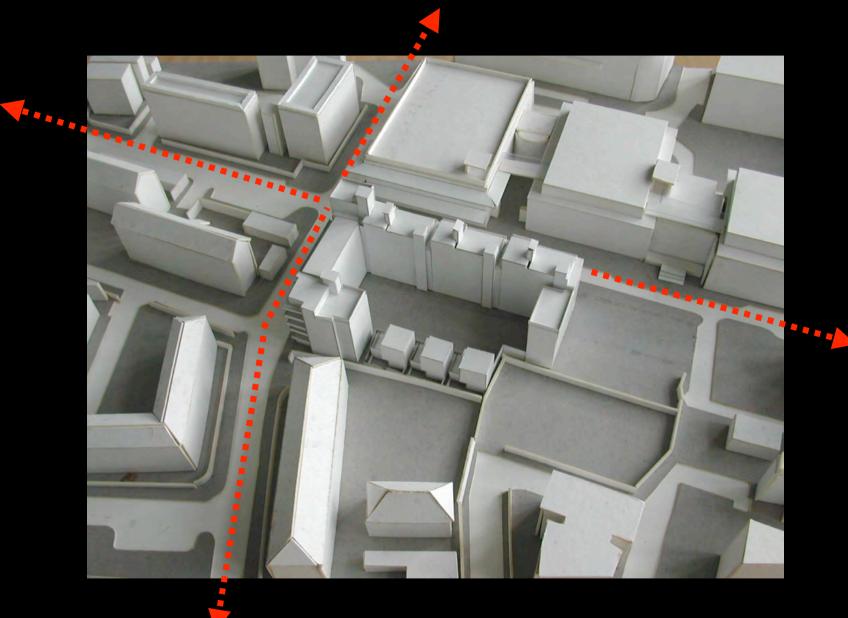
### Privacy and Security

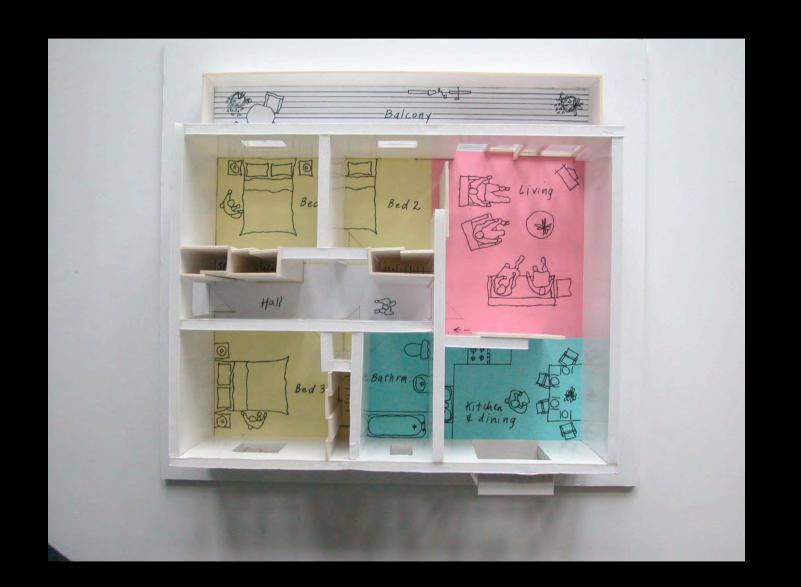


Traditional arrangement.



Our proposal.



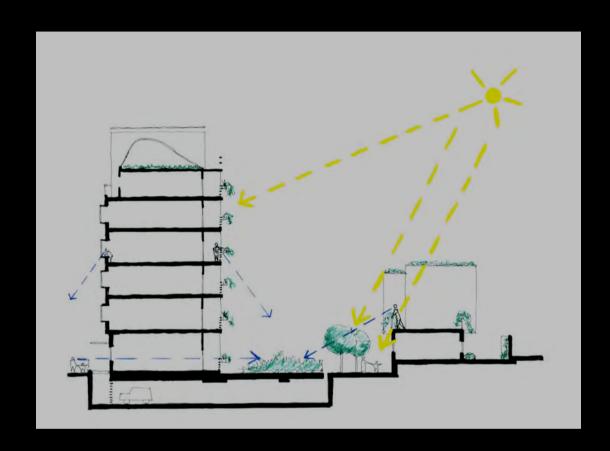






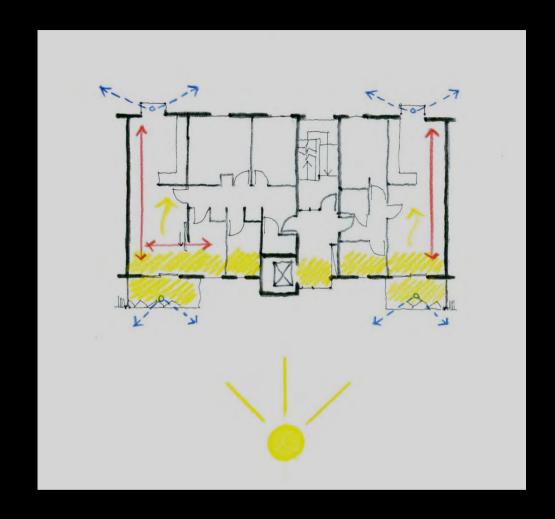
### (a) Site Strategy

- Orientate buildings south
- Avoid overshadowing on the south side
- Create large sun-trapped communal garden



### (a) Site Strategy

- Orientate buildings south
- Avoid overshadowing on the south side
- Create large sun-trapped communal garden



### (a) Site Strategy

- All living spaces and balconies get the sun
- Smaller windows o the north side, but with bay windows to look over the street



- (b) Reduce demand High quality specifications and high insulation levels
  - Careful detailing (avoidance of cold bridging etc)
  - No open fireplaces or chimneys
  - Careful sizing of north facing windows
  - Glazed winter gardens reduce heat loss
  - Maximise natural light using dual aspect and tall windows, to avoid frequent use of artificial lighting



- (b) Heating Strategy Solar thermal panels on the roofs feed.....
  - central, high efficiency gas condensing boilers.....
  - that provide hot water for radiators and taps
  - High levels of insulation to walls and roofs
  - All radiators have thermostatic valves for local control
  - Residents only pay for hot water / heating they use

### (b) Heating Strategy

- Passive solar gain through large south-facing windows
- Air warmed in glazed balconies for redistribution throughout apartment



## Designed in 2003/04 in excess of then-current standards

Completed and occupied in 2009

THINK AHEAD!

### **ENERGY EFFICIENCY**

- -51% target reduction in energy usage and CO<sup>2</sup> emissions (cp. to 2004)
- -70% target reduction in running costs combats fuel poverty
- 1.17m<sup>2</sup> solar thermal panels per dwelling.
- 90% efficiency gas condensing boilers (av. 2 boilers per 15 apartments)
- 1.1 tonnes of CO<sup>2</sup> emitted per dwelling per year. (cp. To 2.34 tonnes per year for electrical storage heating)
- €442 saving per dwelling per year for space heating and hot water (cp. to electrical storage heating)
- -Typical external wall U-value 0.17 W/m<sup>2</sup>k (0.27)
- -Typical flat roof U-value 0.15 W/m<sup>2</sup>k (0.22)

## House of Tomorrow Programme.



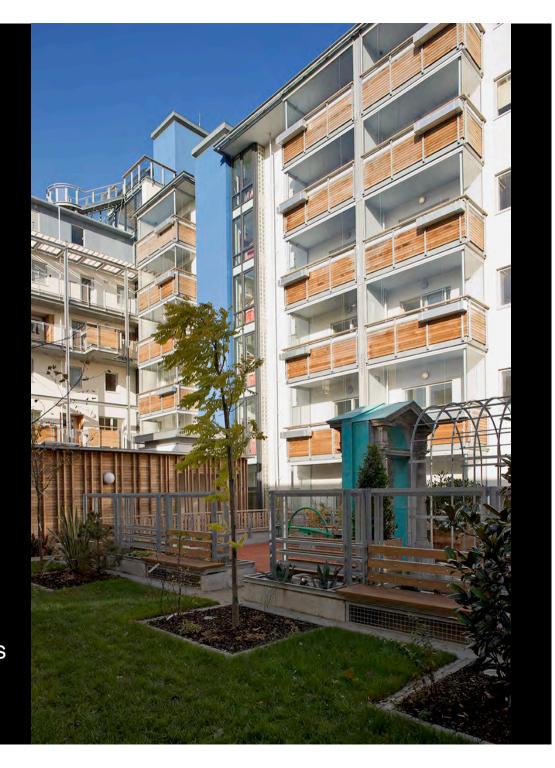
### **Energy Consumption monitoring**;

Starts August 2009
Bi-monthly heat and gas consumption
Solar panels also monitored

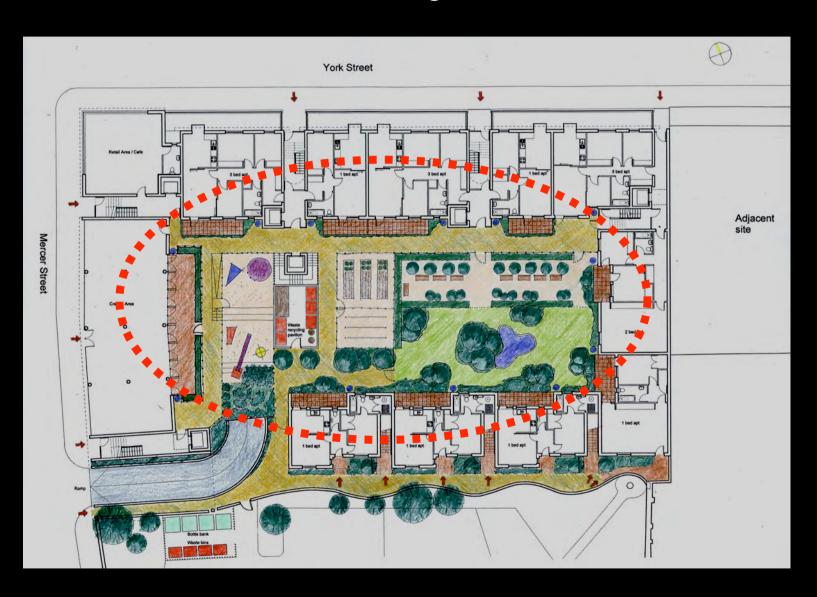
### 3. Biodiversity

# Provision of habitat for insects and wildlife

- Green roof-gardens
- Green common gardens
- Balcony plant boxes
- Specially designed bird boxes



### Communal gardens



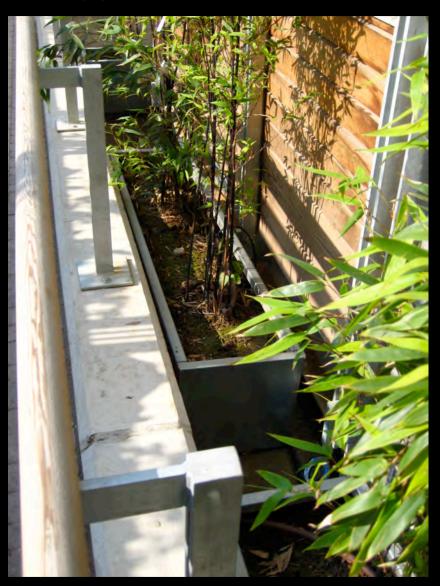
### Bauder sedum roofs





Green communal garden courtyard

### Balcony plant boxes



### 4. Building Materials

## Use materials with a low environmental impact

- Ecocem concrete
- Lime render
- Softwood windows
- Avoidance of PVC products
- Low solvent wood stains and paints
- Avoidance of MDF
- Recycling of materials from demolition of the existing buildings eg. Timber floor joists being reused in the roofs of the main blocks and in the waste pavilion







### 5. Water

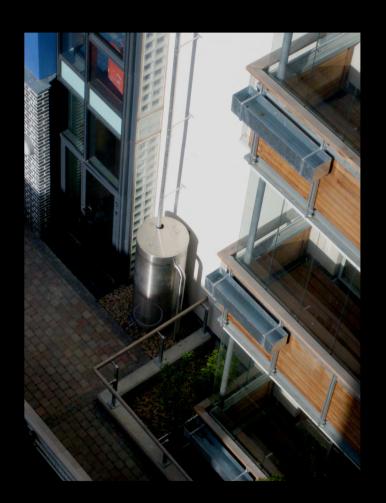
### Water Absorption

- green roofs that absorb water
- lots of soft landscaping in the courtyard

### Water usage

- dual flush toilets
- no power showers







### Water harvesting

- collection of rainwater in butts for irrigation and washing cars

### 6. Waste

Generous and easily accessible separation and storage facilities for household waste recycling

Electric organic waste composting machine in a timber pavilion in the communal garden









Swedish waste and recycling pavilions.

### Recycling pavilion in the garden









### Waste and Recycling



www.growgreensolutions.com growgreensolutions@eircom.net

ng what to purries what not to purie the com-Note: The 'pigester is morthwround facility (compositor



Waste and Recycling

YORK STREET / MERCER STREET RESIDENTS HANDBOOK

### The Composter

The composter is for digesting food waste from your kitchen. You can take your compostable waste to the recycling hut where the caretaker will put it in the machine for you. You can put most foodstuffs and some kinds of soft paper into the composter. The complete list of items that can be put into the composter is shown on the page opposite and there is also a large poster with this information in the Recycling Hut. The Composter is divided into several parts that process cooked and raw food and plant waste, turning it into fully finished compost over a four to six week period.

The compost can be used in the courtyard, the roof gardens or for your individual balcony planters or pots. The Composte works automatically and will be maintained by the Caretaker and the company that installed it. If the bins in the Waste Recycling Hut become full you can bring your waste to the bins that are located in the store in the basement car park. On certain days every week the caretaker will wheel the waste bins into Mercer Court for collection by the bin lorry.



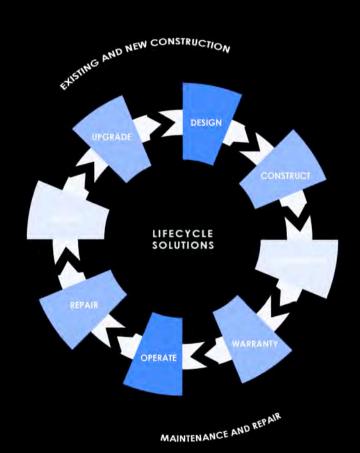


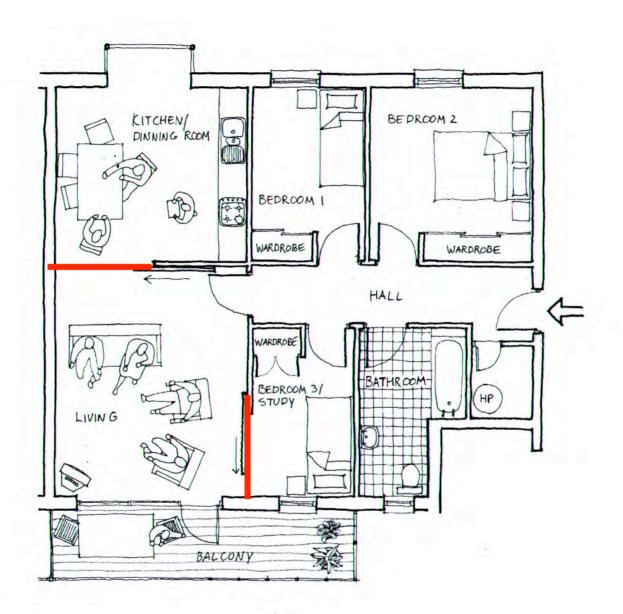


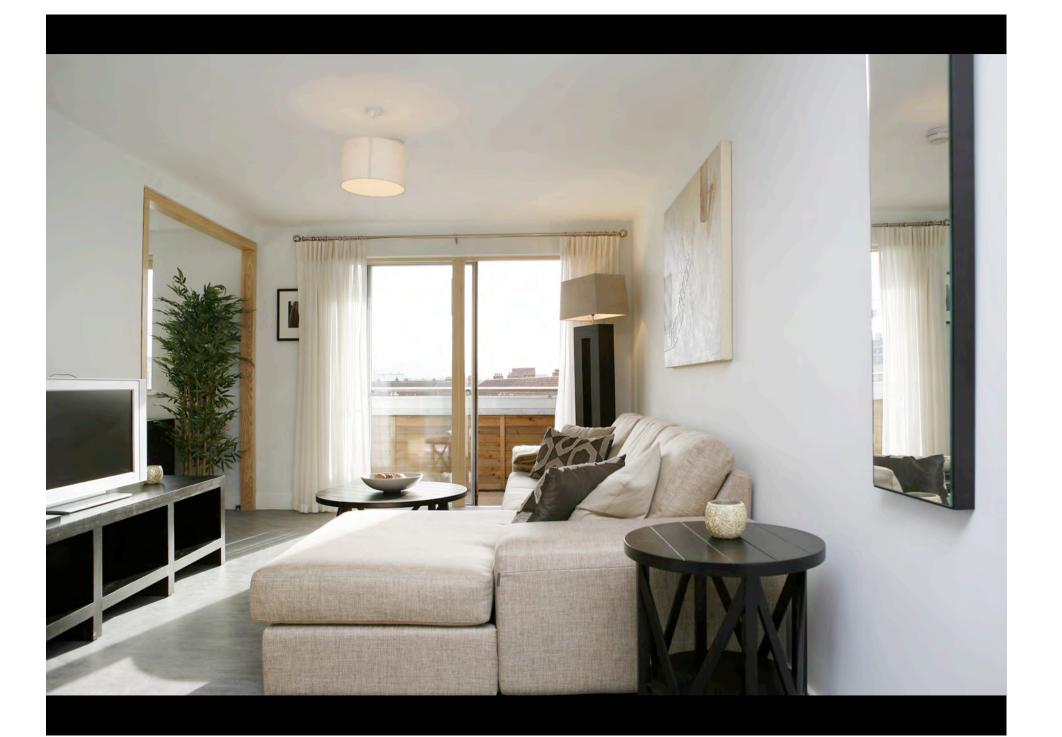


## 7. Adaptability

- "Lifetime Homes" standards
- Apartment layouts can change
- Significant dismantle-ability potential







### Residents' Handbook





01 **GENERAL INFORMATION** 02 YOUR HOME 03 WHERE EVERYTHING IS 04 05 THE ROOF GARDENS 06 WASTE AND RECYCLING **FIRE SAFETY** 80 DOS AND DON'TS 09 **KEEPING IT LOOKING GOOD** 

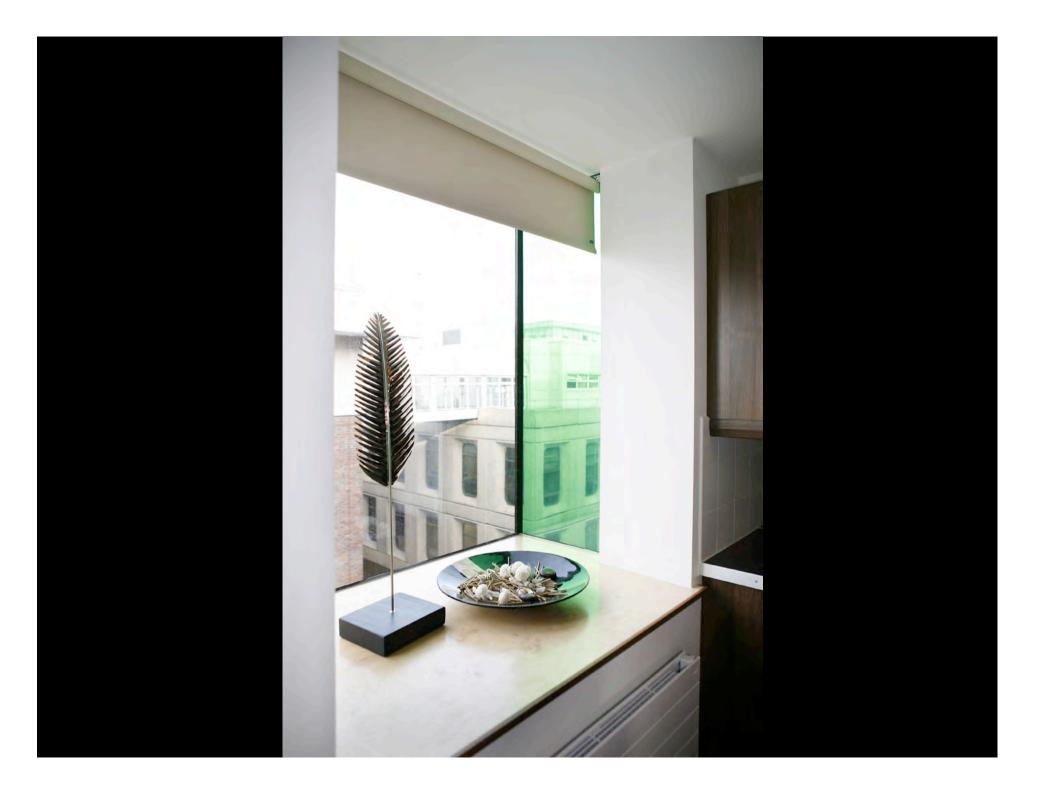
17-19 York Street

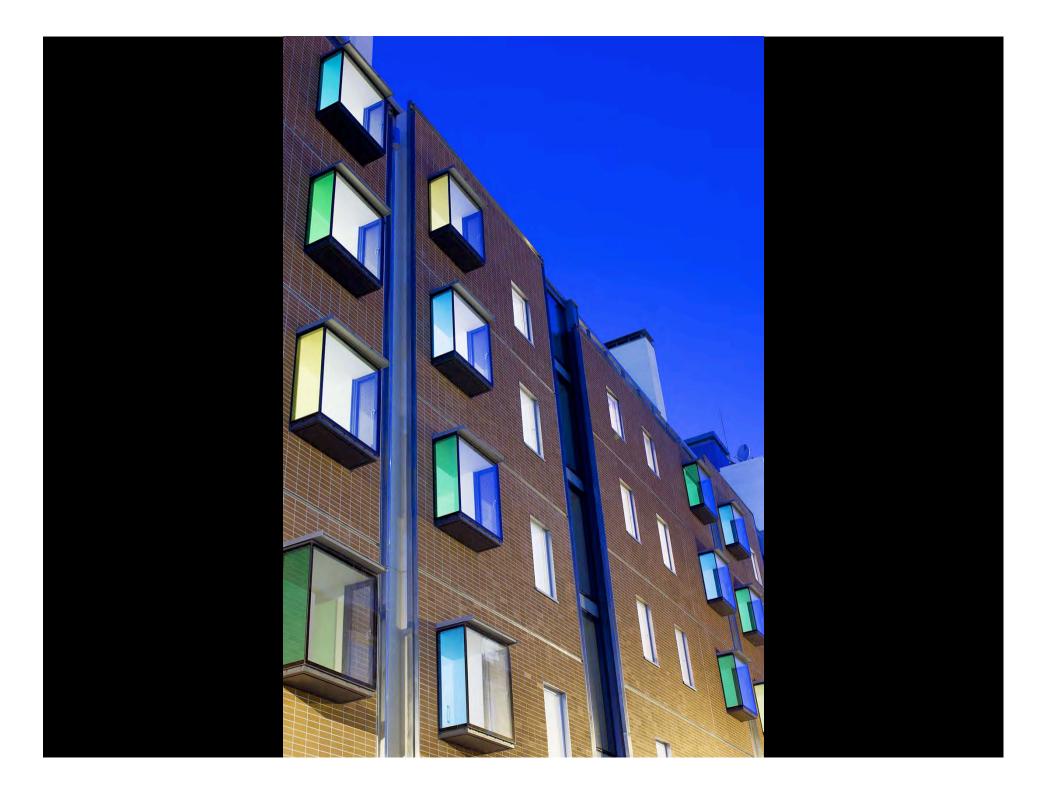












### **GREEN GOOD DESIGN AWARD 2009**

The World's Leading Sustainable Green Design

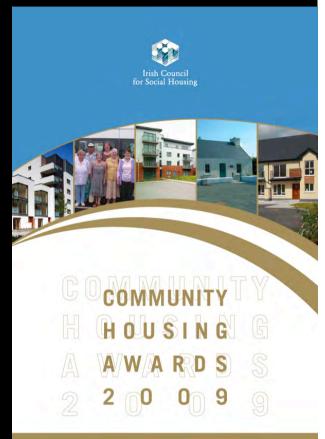


Ecological Apartment Building, York Street, Dublin

Seán Harrington Architects

Awarded by the European Centre for Architecture Art Design and Urban Studies and the Chicago Athenaeum Museum of Architecture and Design





### Features

Interview with Professor J. Owen Lewis, SEI
Retrofitting Buildings

Retrofitting Buildings A Checklist for Sustainable Buildings

Sustainable Transport Options

### Buildings

York Street Housing, Dublin, Sean Harrington Architects
ARC Centre for the Built Environment, Hull (IVI), Niall McLaughlin Architects
Waterways leaden HD, Enniskling, Co Fermangol, Mullarkey Pedersen Architect
Boole Library and Postgraduate Library, UCC Cork, Wilson Architecture
A-Ratef Family House, Dublin, FKLarchitects
The Ko Lee Institute (CSET), Ningloo, China, Mario Cucinella Architects

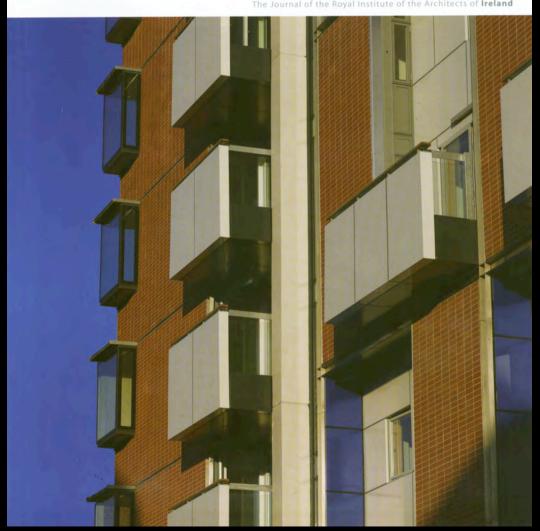
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### ARCHITECTURE The Journal of the Royal Institute of the Architects of Ireland



### Social Housing. York Street, Dublin

### SEÁN HARRINGTON ARCHITECTS



